

# CLARKSVILLE CHRONICLE.

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**The New York Times** is severe on what it calls "all those" of whom our young ladies sometimes employ in writing their Christian names. To illustrate:

A detailed report of a fashionable wedding conveys the information that a young lady, who bears the noble name of Liluel, has just been united in wedlock to a lovely maiden named Jennie, and that among the guests at the interesting reception three were named, respectfully, Lettie, Annie and Gerlie. The ladies were all dressed in the height of fashion, and some of the most popular songs of Charles K. Johnson were performed. The young ladies who thus give to public notoriety the pet names conferred on them while they are in the seclusion of the convent nursery, do not mean, of course, to be guilty of vulgarity and impertinence; but they are; and we speak of their fault because it is so general, especially among the young, and so helpless people. It is very proper for Liluel to address his bride by the sweet

but that is a privilege of his situation to which the general public cannot be admitted without a violation of propriety. When the name of the young lady comes to be printed on her visiting card or in a newspaper it should be done decently and simply as Jane. So of her brick-makers their right names are Letitia, Anne and Gertrude, and it is nobody's business by what tender abbreviations and expansions of those appellatives they may be named by their mothers.

**A BRIDE'S DISASTER.**—A bride party recently arrived at Houston from Galveston. As the car containing the newly wedded pair was crossing the draw, the fair bride leaned out of the window to get a farewell glance of the Island City. Her affectionate and newly-made "lord and master," trembling with anxiety for the safety of her who was all the world "and the rest of mankind" to him, tenderly enquired her slender waist with his coat sleeve, and softly whispered, "Just take care of yourself, don't fall overboard, darling!" Self—don't! was the word, and the

ADHERE always rigidly and undeviatingly to the truth; but while you express what is true, express it in a pleasing manner. Truth is the picture, the manner is the frame that

veyed in austere and acrimonious language seldom has a salutary effect, since we reject the truth because we are prejudiced against the mode of communication. The heart must be won before the intellect can be informed.

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Is the city of Marseilles a man, lived on bad terms with his wife. One day, while waiting for his dinner, he observed that the dinner-table was dead on touching his bowl of soup. Without saying a word, he changed bowls, giving his wife the one she had placed for him. Before long, the acute sufferings of his better half were

A NOTABLE event has occurred in London. An English company "for the propagation of the Gospel in New England," has authorized its board of commissioners to "sell the Manor of Criswell and all other manors and hereditaments in the county of Suffolk belonging to the company. These various properties are to be sold forthwith, by private contract for the stipulated sum of \$300,000. What the object of the company is in turning its lands and tenement into hard cash, of course we don't

found utterly useless to make any further attempt to propagate the Gospel among a people so self-opinionated as those of New England.

**The growth of States—Their Change of Belief, Festivals.**

In 1840 New York polled 425,000 votes. Ohio now cast 525,000—100,000 more than was then given to the Empire State. New York now poll nearly 900,000 votes. Pennsylvania will give 655,000, Illinois, which in 1840 did not give to exceeding 90,000 votes, will now give more votes than New York did then.

In 1840 New York had 40 members

members; Ohio had 19, and Illinois had but 3. New York has since won under increased apportionments, 51 members; Pennsylvania to 24. 1840 New England had 38 members, now 27. Ohio has just maintained her ground, having no more Congressmen now than she did twenty-eight years ago. But Illinois has risen from 3 members to 14 members. In 1840 there was no Wisconsin, Michigan, no Iowa at all. They now have nearly 3,000,000 people, with members of Congress. Missouri 1840 had but 2 members of Congress she has now 9. "Westward the

The Democracy have done gloriously in Tennessee. The Radical majority of last year has been reduced to a minority. The conditions of affairs in this State is considered, this result entitles Tennessee to the honor. We have made large Democratic gains the face of greater obstacles than at State in the Union. In 1867 Brownlow's majority was 52,000 Grant's was not reach 30,000. It is probable, also that we have gained two Congressmen, Hon. John W. Leftwich in the Memphis district, and the gallant

test, has defeated his Radical opponent in the fourth (Shelbyville) district.—*Nashville Union & American*

“WILLIAM,” said one Quaker another, “thou knows I never call anybody names; but, William, if the Mayor of the city was to come to me and say, ‘Joshua, I want thee find me the biggest liar in all Philadelphia,’ I would come to thee and put my hand on thy shoulder and say to thee, ‘William, the Mayor of the city wants to see thee!’”

THE account of a contest of w

"The brass your face," he said,  
 "Would make a four-quart outfit."  
 "Your Honor's head," the girl replied,  
 "Has any enough to fill it!"

A poor man who had been ill, being asked by a gentleman whether he had taken a remedy, replied, "No! I ain't taken any remedy, but I ha' taken lots of physic."